

THE U.F.A.

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF
THE UNITED FARMERS OF ALBERTA — THE ALBERTA WHEAT POOL
AND OTHER PROVINCIAL MARKETING POOLS

Vol. 12

CALGARY, ALBERTA, JULY 3rd, 1933

No. 7

U.F.A. Membership Shows Large Increase

The Farm Young People's Conference

Attendance Largest of Last Ten Years

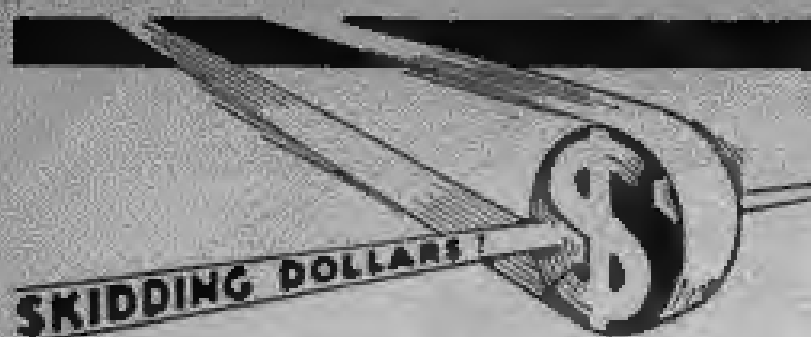
Hon. O. L. McPherson Addresses Little Bow Convention

Receives Unanimous Vote of Confidence

Statistics of World Wheat Production

Alberta Wheat Pool Section—Page 14

The Red Deer U.F.A. Rally



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Reduced Rates to the C.C.F. Convention

Large Attendance of Visitors Anticipated

In addition to the delegation to the first Annual Convention of the C.C.F. to be held in Regina on July 19th, 20th and 21st, it is anticipated that large numbers of visitors, especially from the Western Provinces, will be present during the proceedings. Delegates and visitors using the train service will be able to take advantage of convention rates, ratification of which by the transportation companies has been received by Norman F. Priestley, National Secretary of the C.C.F.

Dates of sale of tickets to which convention rates apply will be from July 14th to 21st inclusive. Single fare should be purchased and a standard certificate secured for presentation at the Convention; this will ensure a return ticket at one-third the regular fare.

The accommodation which has been provided in rooms and the camp facilities arranged for visitors to the World Grain Fair in Regina, will be available to visitors to the C.C.F. Convention. The Grain Fair will be held during the week following the Convention.

Representation will be on the basis of one delegate for each Federal Constituency.

Macklin Makes Tour of Peace River Block

Cut off from the remainder of British Columbia by the Rocky Mountains, their only means of communication through the Alberta lines of railway, the people of the Peace River Block, B.C., who have been anxious to receive a visit from the Organizer of the Co-operative Commonwealth Federation for their own Province, have been unable to do so, owing to the heavy travelling expense which would have been involved.

To assist them in their difficulty, I. V. Macklin, U.F.A. Director for Peace River constituency, has recently made a tour of this area, holding two meetings a day at points from Fort St. John to Fuller, B.C. He reports great interest throughout this territory.

"The tour," writes Mr. Macklin in a letter to Mr. Priestley, "to a great extent was among settlers on relief who had once seen good days. It was a case of 'silver and gold have I none, but such as I have give I unto thee.' They sure expressed appreciation of my visit. I believe they will put their nominees in strong in the forthcoming B.C. Provincial election."

Mr. Macklin found opportunity on this occasion to visit an area in Alberta which can only be reached through British Columbia. In this district Bay Tree has a good Local, and a largely attended afternoon meeting was held, and the school house at Bonanza was filled on the occasion of the meeting held there. On the way home Mr. Macklin held a meeting at Appleton and signed up 31 members.

William Irvine, M.P., will speak at a C.C.F. Rally to be held at Oyen on July 12th, beginning in the afternoon, under the auspices of Progress U.F.A. Local.

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THE ALBERTA CO-OPERATIVE OIL POOL

Editor
W. NORMAN SMITH

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EDITORIAL

COLLAPSE OF THE WORLD CONFERENCE

The World Economic Conference is dead. Though our Prime Minister and even President Roosevelt, who happily killed it, are reported to be going through the motions of artificial respiration, the breath of life has passed from its body. All that remains to be done, it would seem, is to inter it decently. The obsequies will be performed, appropriately enough, in the Geological Museum in which the sessions of this cosmopolitan gathering—called together, in Sir Arthur Salter's phrase, "in a last effort to repair and restore" the tottering edifice of the old financial and economic world order—have been held. Only Mr. Roosevelt himself could make possible the miracle of the Conference's resurrection, and of doing this he has not shown any serious intention. For a time the delegates may continue to meet, to discuss other matters than those to perform which they were summoned by the world's bankers; but they will meet as the shadow of a Conference.

"The eyes of a fool," it is written, "are in the ends of the earth." The saying is of limited validity, but perhaps in this instance it would make a fitting epitaph. For to have imagined that statesmen who have failed to put the affairs of the countries for which they are primarily responsible in order—who in the midst of abundance can discover no means of saving their own citizens from the necessity of going ill-fed, ill-clad and ill-sheltered—can, by pooling the deficiencies of purchasing power in the hands of their several populations, transform these deficiencies into surpluses, was surely the craziest of follies. There is now at least some hope

that we shall turn our eyes in the direction of our own national households.

There is a road to a sound internationalism. It lies in the first place through national action. When a number of sovereign states have taken steps towards the solution of their own internal problems of economic and social reconstruction, the way will be paved to a voluntary world commonwealth worthy of mankind. We must begin, not with the world, nor with the Empire, but with Canada.

Perhaps we may be allowed to hope that, to quote the words of P. C. Loftus in *The New English Weekly*, "the United States, driven by necessity, will soon have self sufficiency and will resolutely solve the problem of the distribution of purchasing power to its own people"—this of course cannot be done ultimately by inflation.—"so that the world shall no longer look upon the grotesque and farcical tragedy of thirty or forty million people destitute in a nation of one hundred and twenty million, with their eyes fixed on the ends of the earth for trade, while all the time there are present in their midst industrial and agricultural facilities to supply a population of five hundred million. It may well be the only hope of the world that America, disgusted with the facilities of a wrangling Conference, may recover from her obsession with export trade, and concentrate on supplying the wants of her own people to the fullest extent. Thus and thus only will she save herself and at the same time she may well save the world by her example."

One of the incidental results of the abandonment of the gold standard by the United States (an abandonment which we fear may not be permanent) has been an increase in the value of the pound sterling. This has done more to raise the prices of Canadian farm and other export products in terms of Canadian dollars, than anything that Premier Bennett has done since he came into office. The policy which Mr. Bennett has carried out has been advocated for Canada by U.F.A. members of Parliament over a period of several years. Mr. Bennett, as a devout worshipper of the fetish of gold, persistently and strenuously opposed its adoption.

Whether President Roosevelt will succeed in his major policies it would be dangerous to prophesy. It is doubtful whether he is planning fundamental changes. Short of the socialization of the monetary system, and the taking of steps to distribute a social dividend as the prior condition of social reconstruction, ultimate success, we think, will not be possible. But of his public spirit, breadth of vision, and of his possession of a moral courage greater than that of any of his predecessors of the present century, with the possible exception of one, there can be no question.

NEWS OF THE ORGANIZATION

Sections of Local and District Associations and Information from Central Office—News on Co-operation

Coming Conventions

FEDERAL

Camrose: The annual convention of the Camrose Federal Constituency Association of the U.F.A. will be held in the Voss Hall, Forestburg, on Thursday, July 6th, commencing at 10:30 a.m. W. T. Lucas, M.P., will make his annual report; other speakers will be A. G. Andrews, M.L.A., A. L. Sanders, M.L.A., C. A. Ranning, M.L.A., Mrs. J. L. Zipperer, J. E. Brown and J. H. Badger of the Alberta Poultry Pool. It is hoped also that Robert Gardiner, M.P., will be present.

Battle River: The Annual Convention of the U.F.A. and U.F.W.A. Federal Constituency Association will be held this year at Greenshields, on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, July 10th, 11th, and 12th. At the last convention it was decided to hold an auto camping convention this year. The Board have made arrangements with Greenshields, about six miles east of Wainwright on the C.N.R. They have a hall large enough to accommodate the convention for business sessions and grounds for camping, ball games, etc. There is a lake three miles south for bathing. A special invitation is being sent to all Juniors in the constituency and George Clay, Junior Director, has been asked to be present and organize games and try to have an orchestra in attendance. Mrs. Postana, the U.F.W.A. Director, is holding a U.F.W.A. conference at which Mrs. Price, President of the U.F.W.A., will be the principal speaker. There will be the general business of the convention, election of the officers, Mr. Spencer's report, and the four M.L.A.'s of Battle River will be asked to give addresses.—D. KAST, Secretary.

Red Deer: The annual convention of Red Deer U.F.A. Federal Constituency Association will be held on Monday, July 11th, at 2 p.m., in the Arena, at Olds, with an evening session at 8 p.m. Alfred Speakman, M.P., will give his annual report of the Parliamentary session, and John Farrar, secretary, states that the evening meeting will be addressed by Mr. Speakman and some other prominent speaker.

Macleod: The list of speakers arranged for the annual convention of Macleod U.F.A. Federal Constituency Association includes C. L. Gibbs, M.L.A., of Edmonton, Mrs. R. Price, Provincial President of the U.F.W.A., G. G. Coote, M.P., and Gordon Walker, M.L.A. The convention will meet in Claresholm, on Friday, July 14th, sessions beginning at 1:30 in the afternoon and 8:00 in the evening. H. B. Macleod, president, urges all Locals in the constituency to send representatives.

Medicine Hat: To reorganize the Federal constituency of Medicine Hat on the basis of the new boundaries fixed by the Redistribution Act of last session, a convention will be held at Brooks on Wednesday, July 26th, commencing at 10 a.m.

Officers for the constituency association will be elected and it is proposed to nominate a candidate. Arrangements for the calling of the convention have been made jointly by John Fawcett, U.F.A. Director for the old constituency of Medicine Hat and J. M. Wheatley, director for the old constituency of Bow River, who is a resident of the new constituency of Medicine Hat. Among the speakers of the day will be E. J. Garland, M.P., and it is hoped that President Robert Gardiner will find it possible to attend.

PROVINCIAL

Innisfail: Annual Convention of Innisfail U.F.A. Provincial Constituency Association to be held on July 8th, at 2 p.m., in the Parish Hall in the town of Innisfail. The afternoon session will be addressed by the local member, Donald Cameron, M.L.A.; the evening session, at 8 p.m., will be addressed by E. J. Garland, M.P., and William Shields, M.L.A. All Locals are urged to send the strongest possible representation and to this end bring their paid up membership to full strength without delay. A cordial invitation is extended to the public.—THOS. SIGURDSON, Secretary-Treasurer.

Let Ste Anne: The Annual Convention of the Lac Ste. Anne Constituency Association will be held at Osoway, on Friday and Saturday, July 14th and 15th, at 10 a.m. Speakers: Premier Brownlee, Lionel Gibbs, M.L.A., Prof. Alexander, Hon. Mr. Lymburn and Mr. Priestley. Speakers will be at the convention on the second day. The first day will be taken up with the convention and a co-operative meeting.—Mrs. E. JACKSON.

Acadia: Tuesday, July 25th, commencing at 10 a.m., has been set for the date of the annual convention of Acadia Provincial Constituency Association of the U.F.A. at Cereal. Arrangements have been made for addresses by Mrs. R. Price, President of the U.F.W.A., Hon. R. G. Reid, and Loene Proudfoot, M.L.A.

Coronation: The Annual Convention of Coronation Provincial Constituency will open at 10 a.m., Thursday, July 27th, and will carry on for three days, at Gooseberry Lake, Provincial Park, "5 miles north of Consort." Following our usual custom, "U.F.A. Sunday" will be recognized on Sunday, July 30th, and will be in charge of Rev. J. Dorian. Prominent speakers from the Province will address the convention at stated intervals. Locals are entitled to one delegate for every ten members or major portion thereof. Visitors will also be welcome.

During the convention the annual meeting of the shareholders of the Co-operative Association will be held. Your Local is requested to send the trustee to this part of the program. Large posters will be mailed to your Local Secretary as soon as final arrangements have been completed. Elect your delegates now and be prepared.—F. J. DOWERTY, Secretary.

Recent Conventions

PEMBINA

The Pembina Provincial Constituency Association of the U.F.A. held its summer convention at Barrhead on June 21st. "This was one of the best attended conventions we have had," states a report from the secretary, J. Eldon Chambers, "as during the afternoon there were between two and three hundred delegates, members and visitors present, which number grew to well over six hundred by the evening, when Premier Brownlee addressed a public meeting.

"Mr. Brownlee dealt chiefly with Provincial matters, but touched upon the subject of wheat acreage control. Other speakers were D. M. Kennedy, M.P., George MacLachlan, M.L.A., Mrs. Eldridge, Jos. Messner and H. Critchlow.

"The village of Barrhead co-operated to the fullest extent in making the convention a very great success, decorating the village in honor of the Premier's visit.

"A resolution was passed asking for a survey by the Provincial Government into the home life, education and recreations of the farmers of the Province. This resolution took birth from the statement of R. B. Bennett to the effect that we should be better off if we hadn't spent our winters in California.

"We are ready for the fray up here—when it comes."

ALEXANDRIA

The Thirteenth Annual Convention of Alexandria U.F.A. Provincial Constituency Association, held at Kitchico, June 24th, was well attended by visitors, although delegates were few.

In the hope of increasing membership, the annual fee has now been reduced to 25 cents.

P. J. Ensmann, M.L.A., presented an illuminating report, in which he analyzed the functions of the Provincial Government and reviewed some of the Acts passed at the last session. He pointed out that the Legislature had responded effectively to the needs of the hour in enacting such an important measure as the new Debt Adjustment Act, and he contended that the mass meeting held in Kitchico last November had made plain to the Government that such legislation was necessary, and that it was not the demand of the small section of the farmers only, but was desired by the community generally.

J. F. Milner described his experience before the Agricultural Committee during the Session, and referred to the opposition the proposed Debt Adjustment Act had met with, particularly from mortgage representatives. In his opinion we are only beginning to introduce the measures necessary to maintain the prosperity of agriculture, and must go further yet before health is fully restored to it.

In the evening C. L. Gibbs, M.L.A., addressed a hall filled to capacity upon the subject of the C.C.F., and explained clearly its purpose and the fact that it is a federation and not a new association

designed to replace those already functioning.

Officers for the coming year were elected as follows: President, W. G. Urquhart; Vice-president, Mrs. E. Clay; Directors, T. McLaughlin, H. Walters, J. H. Abel, W. H. Gordon, G. Skinner and J. Tough; Secretary-Treasurer, H. H. Dixonson.

BUXLEY TO ORAINGER

Buxley to Oranger C.F.A. District Association held a largely attended meeting in Carleton on June 2nd, William Burns, president, in the chair.

Resolutions were carried commending the broadcasts of the Calgary C.C.F. Educational Committee, and the series given by the "Open Mind" group in Calgary. Considerable discussion arose over a resolution asking that social science be taught in the schools, several delegates contending that if such a course were drawn up by supporters of the present system, it would have a harmful effect. The resolution was finally carried.

Miss Amelia Turner, of Calgary, spoke on the C.C.F., and A. B. Claypool, M.L.A., dealt briefly with some problems of the Provincial Government.

The ladies served a cafeteria lunch at noon and again at the conclusion of the meeting, and all present enjoyed the delicious viands and the sociability of the occasion. The next meeting will be held at Knever's Lake on July 12th.

NAMAKA

E. J. Garland, M.P., was the principal speaker at the convention of the Namaka U.F.A. District Association held in Dalewood on June 7th, writes Charles R. Horstman. Speaking with good effect on Dominion affairs, Mr. Garland declared that the policy of the government seemed to be one of waiting for something to turn up, and failing to do those things which they might do themselves. The position of the C.C.F. on the questions of the day was clearly defined, and after his address, Mr. Garland answered a number of questions. The other speakers were J. C. Buckley, M.L.A., and J. M. Wheatley, U.F.A. Director. Mr. Pinkerton, Namaka, president of the association, occupied the chair.

In Good Standing

In the list of Locals in good standing, published in our last issue, the name of Buffalo Lake U.F.A. Local was omitted by an error. This Local has fifteen paid up members.

Great Bend U.F.A. Local are planning a community picnic for July 14th, at Great Bend school. Lunch and a short entertainment followed the last business meeting; the secretary, A. C. Bourne, writes that "this is a bad habit of our entertainment committee, which we hope they will fail to reform."

Norman F. Priestley was the speaker at a U.F.A. Sunday meeting held at the Avonroy Community Hall grounds, attended by a large crowd. Writes a correspondent of *The U.F.A.* He described Christianity as a mode of living, and therefore closely related to our economic life. Mr. Priestley denounced the principle of competition as positively anti-Christian and sinister, and forcefully set forth the necessity of acceptance of the co-operative principle.

Co-operative Committee's Bulletin

Binder Twine

A circular on binder twine has been sent out this week to Local Secretaries and to Managers of U.F.A. Co-operative Associations. The price is again lower than that of last year. We take orders for carlots only. The minimum car is 24,000 lbs.

Central Office is acting as agent for Holland Extra Prime binder twine exclusively. This brand gave universal satisfaction last year. There can be no disputing the fact that it is as good as the best twine manufactured.

Twine is one of the staple commodities. Members and Locals desiring to build up the U.F.A. and the Co-operative movement have an outstanding opportunity in the co-operative buying of twine.

Without doubt our activity has been beneficial to all farmers in districts where our Locals have bought twine co-operatively. It is to your interest to build your own farm organization.

Salt

After two years of effort, we have finally concluded satisfactory arrangements for the buying of carlot quantities of salt. A number of orders have already been placed and filled. We are in a position to save money for farmers using quantities of salt.

A minimum car is 34,000 lbs.

B. C. Apples

Our business in this line substantially increased in 1932 and we are looking forward this season to a still greater increase as a result of the service rendered and satisfaction given last year.

It is urgent that action be taken in good time. We must be in a position to secure a market for our connections among the B.C. growers.

Poultry Supplies

Special concessions to U.F.A. Locals pooling orders for ten or more dollars' worth of a wide range of poultry supplies have been received. We shall be forwarding information to all Locals in the Southern half of the Province within a few days.

Fuel and Lubricating Oils

A phenomenal increase in this line of business is taking place. The Red Head brand has made a name for itself. Pool your orders for your tractor and cars and phone, wire or mail them to Central Office.

The line of big trucks operated by Great West Distributors Ltd. is travelling day and night and is ready to fill your requirements.

Patronage Dividends

Sometimes the amount seems small, but some of the largest and strongest Locals of the Province attribute their size and strength to the savings effected and the interest aroused by the return of patronage dividends. To have a nice sum of money in the treasury of the Local means something in these days. Co-operation will help to solve the economic problems of the farm.

Membership

The effect of co-operative buying is beginning to be felt by many of our Locals. A greater interest is being taken in the organization by many farmers who are not disposed to concern themselves with economic and political problems. Such members will attend meetings to discuss a co-operative shipment or the allocation of dividends when otherwise they might stay at home.

A farm organization must be broad enough to take in, and provide interest for and benefits to all types of farm people.

Now that membership dues at Central Office have been reduced to one dollar per annum, many thousands of members ought to be added to the association through the distribution of patronage dividends. We expect all our Locals to keep faith with each other in this matter.

Farm People Rally at Red Deer Gathering

Speakers Receive Enthusiastic Reception in Central Alberta City—National and Provincial Problems Discussed

In spite of rainfall in many parts of the constituency which made travel by the side roads difficult, a large gathering of farm people from many points in the Red Deer constituency assembled in the Gates Memorial church in the city of Red Deer on June 29th, at the U.F.A. rally at which prominent speakers in the movement discussed the problems of the Association, purposes of the Co-operative Commonwealth Federation, and vital issues of Provincial and national policy.

The rally was the outcome of an invitation by the city and the board of trade, and the board provided the meeting place and arranged for a most excellent and enjoyable musical program.

Meetings were held in the afternoon, when Norman F. Pridmore, Vice-president of the U.F.A., and Premier Brownlee were the speakers, and in the evening, when Alfred Speakman, M.P., for Red

Deer, and E. J. Garland, M.P., delivered addresses to an audience of some 500 persons. The visitors were welcomed by Mayor Code, and Ronald Pye, director for the constituency, presided. Dr. H. W. Wood was on the platform in the afternoon.

The rally provided a notable demonstration of the spirit of unity among the farm people, and especially of their strong approval of the advanced policies of the Association, and of the administrative record of the U.F.A. Government; and it left no doubt that the people are deeply interested in and anxious to put their full weight behind the new national movement with which the U.F.A. is affiliated—the C.C.F.

Premier Brownlee

While he said it was gratifying to read in the press that there was some sign of temporary improvement in North America, Premier Brownlee quoted J. M.

Keynes to the effect that the summer and early fall months of this year marked the most critical time in the history of the present economic system, and would demonstrate whether society could proceed for a time in accordance with the old economic "laws", or must create a new system.

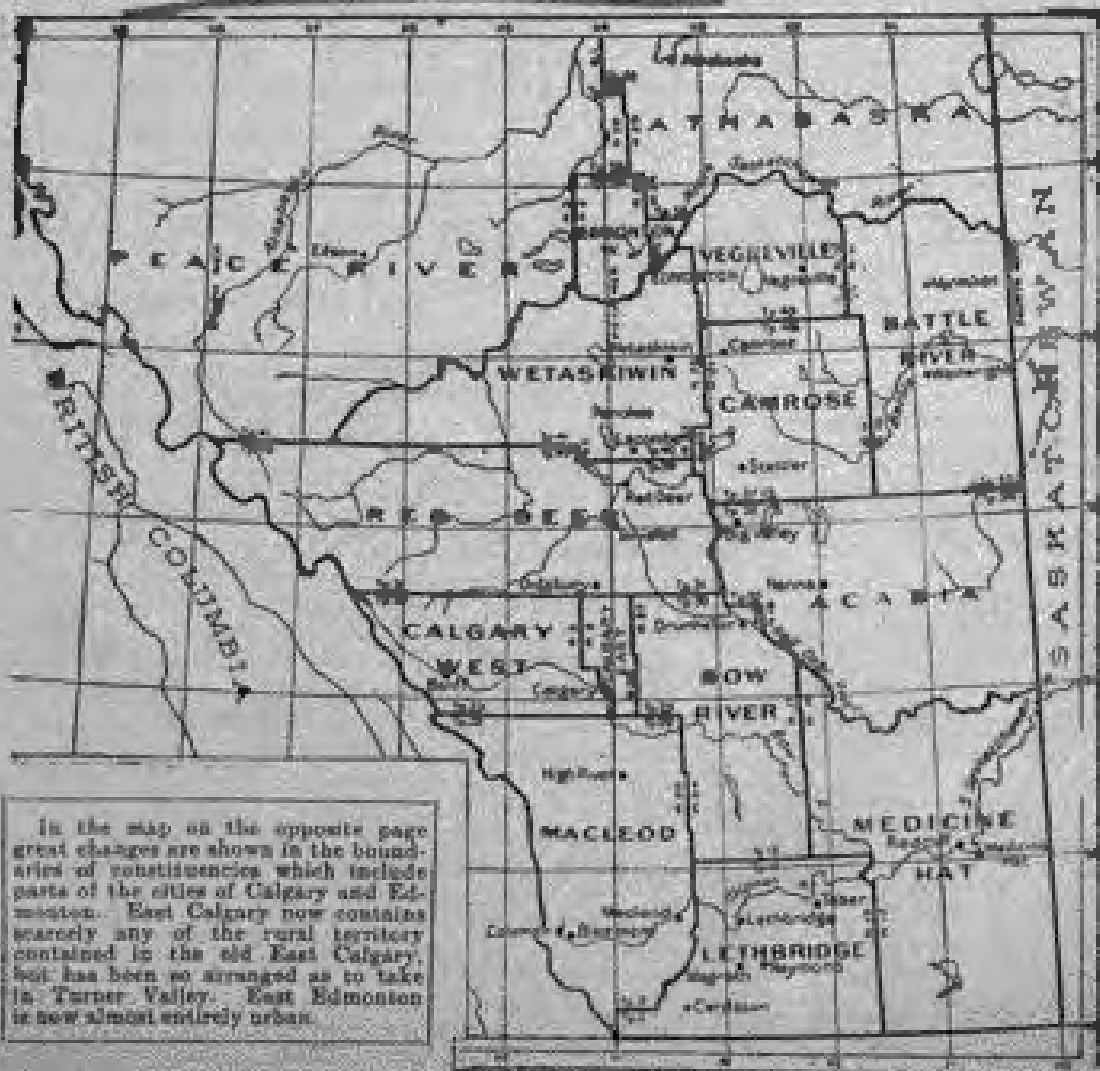
Making a very comprehensive and lucid survey of the field of Provincial affairs, Mr. Brownlee showed, that difficult as conditions are here, the Province stands third lowest of all the Provinces in the unemployment per capita. He alluded to the legislation for the protection of farm debtors, and for tax consolidation which he believed were giving a reasonable degree of satisfaction. No one upon any Alberta farm, he said, was being forced off his farm by reason of inability to pay taxes.

Steps to bring production and consumption into proper relationship, said the Premier, were today urgently necessary. Today the world had the largest carry-over of wheat in its history, and Canada had the largest share of it, over 170 million bushels. He suggested the desirability of some plan, such as the payment of 3 cents a bushel to any farmer who could show that he had reduced his acreage by 3 cents a bushel, to deal with the situation.

Complete overhauling of the banking system, and the devising of "some

ALBERTA ELECTORAL DIVISIONS (OLD)

By the Re-distribution Act passed at the recent session of Parliament, Alberta gained one seat—the number of Federal electoral constituencies being increased from 16 to 17. The map on this page, showing the old constituencies, is printed for the purpose of comparison with the map on the opposite page, on which the new constituencies are shown. The debate on the re-distribution bill in the House of Commons was a very lengthy one, the Government being charged with "gerrymandering" many constituencies in order to strengthen the position of its own supporters. This map and that on the opposite page are reproduced by courtesy of the *Edmonton Journal*.



system by which the state can control the value of money" were, said the Premier, urgently needed. He would make money "for the time being at least a public utility." He cited reasons why the Douglas scheme of social credit could not be brought into operation in our Province alone, and said he could imagine "nothing more tragic than the issuing in the Province of paper which would not be acceptable all over Canada." He described the constitutional limitations of the powers of a Province, which made it quite certain that Federal action would be necessary to bring social credit on the Douglas plan into use by the community.

Norman F. Priestley

Mr. Priestley attributed the large increase in the membership of the Association, which at the end of June was almost twice as great as at the end of June, 1932, (see organization statistics, page 28), to five major causes. The first was the reduction of the fee to One Dollar per year to the Provincial organization; the second, recognition by the farm people of the fact that without adequate protection of their position by such legislation as the U.F.A. Government has given, they would be in danger of losing their farms; the third, recognition by the Wheat Pool membership and membership of other Pools, of the fact that their own position

depends very largely upon the strengthening of the U.F.A.; fourth, the great savings which can be made by co-operative purchasing of bulk farm supplies through the U.F.A. Co-operative Committee, and the growing recognition of the social value of consumer co-operatives; and fifth, the fact that "we are beginning to matriculate on fifteen years of organization of the farm young people," and that the Juniors, as they reach maturity, are giving their support to the senior movement.

In affiliating with the new national movement, the C.C.F., said Mr. Priestley, "we in the U.F.A. are fulfilling our history." He described the manner in which the C.C.F. came into being as the direct outcome of the U.F.A. summer conference of 1932, in which the Premier and Cabinet and Provincial and Federal members and the Executive of the U.F.A. and U.F.W.A. co-operated in the drafting of a ten-point program, based upon decisions of the Annual Convention of the Association. The C.C.F. had become, he said, the greatest unifying force in all Canada, a statement which was greeted with most enthusiastic applause by the audience.

Alfred Speakman, M.P.

In a closely reasoned and very forceful address in the evening, Alfred Speakman, M.P., made a devastating analysis of

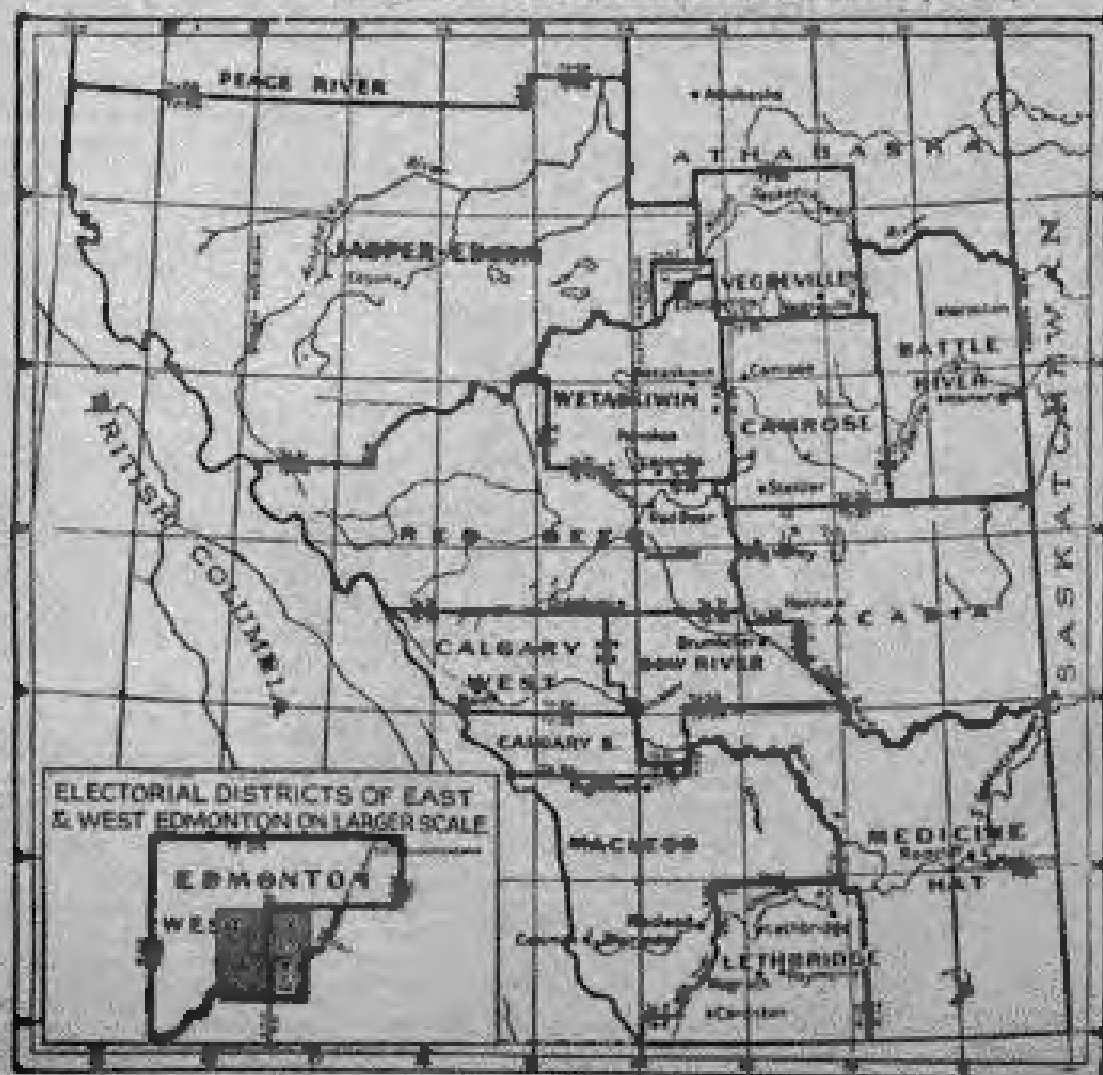
the economic and financial system of today, under which poverty instead of comfort and well-being for the vast majority of mankind is the outcome of the production of plenty. It was a topsy turvy world in which every year an army of alert, ambitious, capable young people, leaving our educational institutions, found that there was no place for them in the economic life of the community.

Canada had the necessary equipment to provide all her people with an abundance of the good things of life, yet large numbers of her people were unable to supply themselves from the machinery of production with even the simplest necessities. The idea of a planned economy was scoffed at in some quarters, where apparently it was believed that "it is un-British to plan anything and British to muddle through."

In the development of a co-operative and planned economy, Mr. Speakman said, the less the interference with individuals the better; but he would go as far as might be necessary to make sure that the co-ordination of industries in the interests of the people as a whole could be made effective. He stressed, especially, the necessity for social control of finance, since "finance gives the power of life and death over all industries."

(Continued on page 28)

ALBERTA ELECTORAL DIVISIONS (NEW)



Voting in the next Federal general election will take place on the basis of the new electoral constituencies shown in the accompanying map. There is one error in the boundaries as shown, and we would advise readers who plan to keep the map for reference to make the necessary correction, as follows. Change the southern boundary of Bow River constituency to follow the line of the Bow River from range 28 to the city of Calgary. This is correct. (The error in the map lies in showing this boundary as the south line of section 21, etc.) Inside the city limits of Calgary the boundary is somewhat complicated.

Little Bow U.F.A. Convention Expresses Confidence in Hon. O. L. McPherson

**A Unanimous Resolution Which for the Most Part the Daily Press Ignored—
Minister Addresses Farm People of His Home Constituency**

While for the most part the daily press of Alberta published either no report at all or a brief notice only of the recent annual convention of the Little Bow U.F.A. Provincial Constituency Convention at which Hon. O. L. McPherson was given the unanimous endorsement of the the farm people's organization in his constituency, the *Falcon Advocate* of June 28th gave a detailed account of the convention. We ask our readers to take note of the fact that many daily newspapers which gave such wide publicity to attacks upon Mr. McPherson, did not consider Mr. McPherson's answer at the Little Bow Convention worthy of even passing notice. Is this fair dealing either with a public man who has been widely attacked or with their own readers?

Vote Unanimous

We reprint the following from the *Falcon Advocate*:

"The following resolution presented by and representing the opinion of U.F.W.A. Locals of Arrowwood, Berrywater, Milo, Mayview and Kirkdale as well as the Junior Locals of Johnny Canuck, East Milo, Queenstown and Arrowwood, was carried unanimously at the Little Bow constituency convention.

"Whereas of late the mails have been flooded with marked copies of the *Edmonton Bulletin* addressed to voters in the Little Bow riding containing accusations against our Provincial member, the Hon. O. L. McPherson.

"And whereas an attempt is being made to present both sides of the case as only those pages are sent out that contain statements seemingly derogatory to Mr. McPherson.

"And whereas we believe that this is being done by his political enemies for the purpose of misleading and misinforming the voters in his riding thereby hoping to destroy his political career.

"Therefore be it resolved that this convention be recorded as denouncing such methods as being utterly despicable and contemptible and unworthy of any political party, and further we express confidence in the integrity, efficiency and honor of our member, Hon. O. L. McPherson."

(A resolution identical with the above was passed at the U.F.W.A. Conference recently held at Queenstown.—Editor, *The U.F.A.*)

Mr. McPherson Speaks

Mr. McPherson in his address dealt with attacks made upon him and we are glad to have the opportunity to quote extracts from the speech as it was reported in the *Falcon Advocate*. After describing the vindication of the Department of Public Works by the Legislature after an exhaustive investigation by a special committee into the Howson charges, Mr. McPherson, states the *Advocate*, said that he felt great reluctance in insisting any mention of his private affairs upon his audience. "But", he stated "there are some aspects of the case which may be properly mentioned at this time to those of my electorate who are interested. What may seem at casual glance to be a minor indictment, may, upon examination,

be found to indicate the worst kind of political persecution recorded in Canada. In support of that suggestion, I offer a few facts in connection with the case.

Scruply Not Absent

"First: More than a month before the action was started against me, I had heard repeatedly through political sources that an action was to be taken against me. Until the day I was served with the papers, I had no definite intimation of this action except from these rumors which in each case proved to have come from certain political circles.

Who Started The Action?

"Second: The action was commenced just 14 days before the polling day in the Camrose by-election. It was commenced by a defeated candidate who is a lawyer in a small town 60 miles east of Edmonton and who never actually took part in conducting the case in court.

Scandalous Affidavit

"Third: A scandalous affidavit was issued against me at the beginning of the action. This was stricken from the court records as scandalous and in abuse of court processes. It had no legal purpose but was freely circulated during the Camrose by-election for the obvious purpose of injuring the U.F.A. Government and was later freely circulated by a former M.L.A. Further, during the Camrose by-election scores of copies of a libellous and anonymous letter were circulated. It purported to be signed by a woman, "Mary Christensen." I at once offered a reward of \$500 to anyone who could produce Mary Christensen. There was, of course, no such person. Who was behind the circulation of this anonymous letter and that affidavit during the Camrose by-election?

Who Paid?

"Fourth: The statement of claim said that the plaintiff had no money. Yet thousands of dollars were incurred in costs and services. Who paid this enormous amount of money and why?

Action Delayed

"Fifth: This action was started in the forepart of last October. I wished to get to court as soon as possible but through a series of adjournments, amendments and appeals, the action was delayed till May 8th, 1933. In the meantime a torrent of stories and attacks were made on me which I was unable openly to combat.

Political Men Meet Plaintiff

"Sixth: Meetings of which I have knowledge, of prominently political men were held with the plaintiff.

Lawyers Concerned

"Seventh: The original statement of claim was issued at the court house by a person from the office of a prominent politician whose name has not been officially, at least, connected with the case. How did this document come to be issued from his office?

"Eighth: Further a succession of lawyers, all of the one political faith, have appeared for the plaintiff.

A FRONT PAGE EDITORIAL

(*Falcon Advocate*)

"This week the *Falcon Advocate* is giving considerable space to the address of Hon. O. L. McPherson at the convention of last Saturday. It is giving to as full extent as possible, Mr. McPherson's statements in regard to his recent grueling experiences both as Minister of Public Works and as a private citizen.

"This has been done because the *Advocate* is convinced that Mr. McPherson has suffered under planned persecution, both in his public and private affairs. The *Falcon Advocate* is an independent paper, having no association with any party, and emphatically not associated with the U.F.A. Government which it feels free to criticize at any time.

"However, the 'drive' against Mr. McPherson, has been, in the opinion of this paper, so unjust and so unfair that we are glad of an opportunity to quote anything which he has to say in his own defense.

"He has been, as is well known, an efficient Minister of Public Works. He has served his district faithfully and well. Those who know him personally, feel that his private life has been immeasurably distorted and exploited for political advantage."

That Appeal for Money

"Ninth: There was a circulation of an appeal for money contributions by a phony organization with fictitious officers. Part of the mail resulting from this appeal was taken from the post office by a man who was once up before an Edmonton magistrate for stealing money from a blind newsmen.

Contributions to "Rush"

"This same man is a contributor and representative of the paper called *Rush*. And I have documentary proof as to who sent in some contributions about myself to this same paper.

The Double Attack

"Tenth: In connection with the attack on my Department in the Legislature, I want you now to consider a very curious fact. That attack was launched on the floor of the House just two days before the first scurrilous article appeared in *Rush*. Very strange was it not that two such terrible blows should come so close together? Think it over.

Under "Edmonton Bulletin"

"Eleventh: How did it happen that copies of the *Edmonton Bulletin* containing the story of the recent action against me were circulated free throughout my constituency for the first few days of the trial, but not when I went on the stand to defend myself against these charges? Who was anxious that only the accusations against me should be broadcast. Who paid for distribution?

Why the Attacks?

"Twelfth: Who systematically starts and spreads a thousand and one lies about me that go out over the Province? Was it because I am such an unspcakably bad man, or that anyone thinks I am?

(Continued on page 30)

Vigor of U.F.A. Movement in Acadia Manifest at Annual Convention

Large Gathering at Hanna House Address by Robert Gardiner—Junior Program Feature of Day—Presentation to Rufus Cates

Filling the Memorial Hall to its capacity—large numbers standing at the sides and in the entrances to the hall—delegates and visitors to the Annual Convention of the Acadia U.F.A. Federal Constituency Association, at Hanna on June 24th, made it abundantly clear by the keenness of the discussion and the deep interest shown in great issues of public policy, that the U.F.A. movement in this constituency is in a thriving and vigorous condition.

So far as actual conditions on the farm are concerned, drought and grasshoppers had done much to bring discouragement, and the people decided, apparently, that it was well worth their while to take a day off to discuss the big issues of the times. The number of registered delegates with full voting privileges was 65.

Among features of the day was the address by Robert Gardiner, M.P., who, (apparently much improved in health) gave a very convincing presentation of the breakdown of the present economic system and the need for fundamental social reconstruction. Mr. Gardiner was given a very rousing reception by the delegates.

A Successful Innovation

An innovation, which proved most successful, was the Junior program which formed the main business of the afternoon session. This was in charge of Mrs. R. Clarke Fraser and the discussion was led by Mrs. R. Price, President of the U.F.W.A. An address by Miss Violet Chisholm, of Naco, Junior Director for Acadia, dealt with the Junior Conference, the reading course and the Essay Contest arranged by The U.F.A. Miss Dorothy May MacAuliffe of the Cossigny Juniors, who had won the scholarship in the reading course for 1932, described the year which she had just spent at the Olds School of Agriculture, which the scholarship had given her the opportunity to attend.

The musical part of the program was entirely under the control of the Juniors from Naco, Consort and Cossigny. A very interesting address was given by Mrs. Price, who outlined a number of the outstanding achievements of the U.F.W.A. in the field of legislation. Altogether the Junior program was a very successful one and the addresses of the young people were exceptionally good.

Presentation to Rufus Cates

A feature of the convention was the presentation made to Rufus Cates, who retired last year from the Presidency of the Constituency Association which he had occupied since 1924. A gift of a fountain pen and pencil in recognition of his great services to the Association was made by Mrs. Price and Mrs. Fraser.

Finances in Good Condition

Although Acadia is largely in what has been described as semi-arid country and has suffered exceptionally heavy losses from drought, and although there has been in consequence a considerable decrease in the population of the Constituency, it was gratifying to note that the finances of the Constituency Association

are in exceptionally good condition, with between \$800 and \$900 surplus in hand. The Association feels itself to be in a financial position to meet not only one election campaign, but to fight even a series of contests.

Resolutions were adopted calling for the establishment of a National Wheat Board and asking the Provincial Government to restore the entrance fee for Normal students (which was raised some time ago from \$60 to \$100) back to the original figure.

Three resolutions were referred to the Board for Acadia. One of these, from Hanna Local, protested against the continuance of the present basis for High School grants to rural schools. It was pointed out that the operation of this new basis leads to some real absurdities. Another resolution asked the Provincial Government to investigate the Douglas system of Social Credit and to press for its adoption if it be found feasible. Another dealt with the consolidation of taxes.

Mr. Gardiner's Address

In his address Mr. Gardiner made a very lucid analysis of the present economic system and showed the causes which led to its inevitable failure. The system, he pointed out, is based on the creation of debt and its natural working out becomes impossible for the people as a whole to rid themselves of indebtedness or even to prevent its continual mounting.

Mr. Gardiner dealt with the history of recent Conferences such as the Imperial Conference at Ottawa and the present World Conference in London; and also with legislation of the past session at Ottawa, especially radio legislation, and the Shipping Act. Whatever might be suggested as a temporary expedient at the moment Mr. Gardiner is convinced that no actual solution of the wheat problem is to be found in plans for the curtailment of acreage.

James Cameron, President of the Constituency Association, in his address dealt with the last Annual Convention of the Association in Calgary, with particular reference to Acadia resolutions.

C.C.F. Movement

The gathering showed the keenest interest in the progress of the C.C.F. movement throughout the Dominion and it was evident that the delegates have great confidence in the possibilities of the new National Federation of which the U.F.A. forms a vitally important part. The opinion was expressed that special care should be taken to lay a good and proper foundation for the new movement, in U.F.A. principles, and to see that U.F.A. autonomy should not be lost. It was also urged that care should be taken to guard against the possibility of two candidates being named in any Constituency, one under the name U.F.A. and another under the designation C.C.F.

Officers Elected

James Cameron of Wastina and Mrs. R. Clarke Fraser of Naco were re-elected President and Vice-President respectively and J. K. Sutherland of Hanna was re-

-elected Secretary-Treasurer. Directors elected were as follows: Division No. 1—Mrs. J. K. Sutherland, Hanna; R. S. Hooper of Rowley; Division No. 2—Mrs. Harry Shannon, Sedalia; George Sturmer, Loyallist; Division No. 3—Mrs. C. Bishop, Exalt; Justin Berg, Cereal; Division No. 4—Mrs. J. Pearce, Carleton Place; Geo. Watson, Pollockville.

A Shorthorn Field Day will be held at the Lacombe Experimental Farm on July 17th, under the auspices of the Alberta Shorthorn Breeders' Association. Hon. Robert Weir, Federal Minister of Agriculture, will be present, as well as Mr. Newman, Dominion Cerealists, and Mr. Muir, Dominion Animal Husbandman.

Best Convention Ever Held in Little Bow

Hon. O. L. McPherson Received Cordial Reception from Large Gathering

By H. Renkenberger

The Little Bow Constituency Convention held at Vulcan, Saturday afternoon and evening, June 24th, was the largest the Association has ever held, and the interest in what the speakers had to say was the greatest.

The Hon. O. L. McPherson was the speaker at the afternoon meeting and Norman F. Priestley at the evening meeting.

Eighteen Locals were represented by their delegates.

A number of resolutions were placed before the convention and with one exception were disposed of without unusual controversy. When the convention opened, a resolution asking "That we make this an open convention for all U.F.A. and U.F.W.A. people" was proposed and passed. When the election of officers was called for a resolution was moved "That only accredited delegates be allowed to vote." This immediately started a heated and prolonged discussion which was settled by the withdrawal of the latter resolution, and all U.F.A. and U.F.W.A. members in the hall were allowed to vote, providing they marked their ballot with the name or number of their Local.

McPherson Received Ovation

When Mr. McPherson came to the platform he was greeted with hearty applause from the audience which filled the I.O.O.F. Hall to the doors. The closest attention was given to every word he said—and he said a lot—and his vivid account of the attack on him as a public servant as well as on his private life, will long be remembered by those who heard him. He invited discussion "of anything that is of interest or concern to the convention," and said, "I mean just that." He related the attempt made to discredit himself and the Public Works Department, going into considerable detail. He referred to attacks made on his private life which he said for obvious reasons he could not discuss now. The ovation given the speaker at the close of his talk would indicate that the people of Little Bow have confidence in their efficient and courageous leader.

At the evening session Mr. Priestley gave one of his interesting and instructive addresses to a large audience, which asked many questions, all of which were apparently answered to the satisfaction of the questioners.

ALBERTA WHEAT POOL SECTION

The Wealth of Nations

The wealth and progress of any nation depends on no one class altogether. Principally it depends on the men who walk in the fresh furrows and through the rustling wheat; upon those who sow and reap on the frontier and on the prairie, providing food for their households and for the peoples of the earth; upon those whose faces are radiant with the glare of frontier fires; upon the delvers in the mines and the workers in the shops; upon those who battle with the boisterous billows of the seas and lakes; upon the inventors and discoverers; upon the brave thinkers and statesmen unafraid.

* * *

I have long been sympathetic with the co-operative movement, but it is probably too sensible and intelligent to have much following in this country (U.S.A.)—*Prof. Harry Elmer Barnes.*

* * *

Sir Josiah Stamp on Speculation

Is speculation in business good or bad?

Sir Josiah Stamp, noted British economist, said in Chicago on June first that the effect of the United States' inflation plans depended on the ability of financial leaders to prevent business stimulation from resulting from speculation.

The same Josiah Stamp who, as Chairman of the Grain Futures Enquiry Commission, stated in his report that business stimulation in the grain markets resulting from speculation was necessary and useful.

How can these opposite views be reconciled?

* * *

Co-operation would solve most of our problems. Freckles would be a nice coat of tan if they would get together.—*San Francisco Chronicle.*

* * *

In the Same Boat

J. P. Morgan's narration of his firm's financial operations during the depression years, unfolded before the Senate Banking and Currency Committee recently, shattered another halcyon legend of Wall Street, which has long fostered the belief that in matters financial Morgan judgment was second only to supernal pre-eminence. Mr. Morgan's frank admissions as to errors of judgment and publication of the firm's financial records covering the past several years have revealed the "house-on-the-corner" to be just another financial institution, and those in charge of its destinies as mere human beings and subject to the frailties thereof. Mr. Morgan's statement to the Committee left no doubt as to the firm's prophetic shortcomings. He said: "Since we have no more power of knowing the future than any other man, we have made many mistakes (who has not during the past five years?) but our mistakes have been errors of judgment and not of principle."

The shrinkage in J. P. Morgan & Company's net worth from 118 million dollars to 53 million dollars in the 1930-32 period, suggests that the firm fared little if any better than the average concern, despite the far-flung sources of information and the numerous experts upon whom the firm can call for guidance.

* * *

To quote to me the authority of precedents leaves me quite unmoved. All human progress has been made by ignoring precedents. If mankind had continued to be the slave of precedent, we should still be living in caves and subsisting on shell fish and wild berries.—*Vincent Philip Snowden.*

Higher Commodity Prices Must Come

One point which virtually all nations represented at the London conference agree upon is that a rise in commodity prices is necessary to restore conditions throughout the world. If commodity prices do not increase, it is generally conceded, times cannot improve.

Had the leaders of the various nations understood this fact as well three years ago as they do now, perhaps the depths would never have been reached. The cry was "let the law of supply and demand" operate and affairs will adjust themselves. But the further this "adjustment" went on the worse things became, until an almost intolerable position was reached. Then came the general demand for price increase.

A continuation of low commodity prices will not only prevent recovery but it will bankrupt present day civilization. This is clearly foreseen by the President of the United States who has launched upon plans to increase commodity prices and has expressed determination to use every possible means to accomplish that end.

* * *

The farmer's problem will remain unsolved so long as the middle men stand between him and the consumer, and so long as his produce is thrown into the gambling game.—*Dr. J. P. Warburton.*

* * *

War's Effect on Wheat and Wheat Prices

A reader asks if wars are the principal happenings affecting wheat and wheat prices. World wars exercise a very important effect in wheat production and wheat prices, but they cannot be considered as the predominant influence by any means. Such events are only part of a large and complicated picture. In some respects wars may even be placed in a position of secondary importance in regard to their long term influence on wheat prices and wheat production.

The invention and perfecting of the binder has had more influence on world wheat production and prices than all the wars of history. Without the binder wheat would still be a luxury food, and world populations could never have increased as rapidly as they did.

The development of cheap methods of producing artificial fertilizers also exercised an important influence on the wheat situation; in fact, this accomplishment saved the world from starvation. Without phosphates Australia would virtually disappear as an exporting nation from the international wheat trade. European farmers could not have produced the increased per acre yields of wheat if they had not had access to large supplies of cheap artificial fertilizers.

If early ripening wheat had not been developed by scientists, Western Canada's wheat map would be a small one indeed, and there would be very little world wheat surplus. The drought resistant wheat developed increased the world supply.

The effect of the Napoleonic wars on wheat is trivial in comparison to the effect of the invention of the steam engine. Wheat could not be carried so inexpensively from vast interior plains without the aid of steam power, and would certainly be high priced throughout the world. The invention of the internal combustion engine and its application as farm power has also had a tremendously important effect upon the troubled problems of wheat.

War's effects on wheat over the centuries have been casual as compared with the effects of many history-making inventions and discoveries.

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ALBERTA WHEAT POOL SECTION

WHEAT PRODUCTION IN PRINCIPAL PRODUCING COUNTRIES, 1922-1965
(Metric Tons)

Year	U.S.	U.S.	U.S.	Canada	France	Australia	Argentina	Ukraine	China	U.S.S.R.	Japan	U.S.S.R.	U.S.S.R.	U.S.S.R.
	total	winter	spring											
1922	846 7	37 1	273 3	346 8	287 0	106 3	85 8	6 9	73 3	34 7	44 8	92 0	37 8	
1923	749 3	333 2	204 7	474 3	372 4	36 0	247 3	13 3	33 1	47 7	8 1	102	39 1	
1924	849	373 8	248 4	367	360 8	141 8	31	7 8	31 4	31 0	37 4	70 4	24 7	
1925	859 0	401 0	268 0	347 0	321 0	4 3	14 1	10 0	24 7	7 7	38 8	104 7	41 4	783 3
1926	823 5	333 8	203 4	487 1	374 7	160 0	245	10 3	33 1	71 9	7 4	100 9	36 3	918 8
1927	874 4	447 4	277 0	479 7	383 0	8 7	283 3	13 4	30 8	74 9	54 4	98 7	42 1	784 4
1928	928 1	491 0	338	466 3	390 9	59 7	348 1	13 8	38 7	99 3	63 3	114 6	48 3	807 2
1929	9 7 8	377 8	23 4	304 3	320 3	139 0	42 8	7 7	34 0	70 4	44 0	99 4	34 3	488 4
1930	868 3	401 0	234 3	430 7	390 8	313 8	332 3	7 0	33 1	64 8	80 3	30 8	37 3	696 7
1931	800 3	787 4	1 2 8	304 1	347 4	186 7	274 8	13 0	21 2	72 4	84 8	36 8	41 3	
1932	724 8	483 1	344 7	43 3	337 0		13 3							
Average														
1924-30	86 0	380 7	271	438 7	383 4	64 6	70 8	11 7	37 7	87 1	8 4	110 7	43 7	331 7
1930-32	890 1			797 8	341 8	28 3	147 1	8 5	30 1	71 8	42 0	128 7	37 8	787 3

1922

Year	U.S.S.R.	U.S.S.R.	U.S.S.R.	U.S.S.R.	U.S.S.R.	U.S.S.R.	U.S.S.R.	U.S.S.R.	U.S.S.R.	U.S.S.R.	U.S.S.R.	U.S.S.R.	U.S.S.R.	U.S.S.R.
1922	13 8	18 8	2 7	30 0	44 8	317 3	7 9	191 8	10 8	9 7	9 3	34	8 8	3 33
1923	20 0	26 3	8 0	40 7	50 6	273 8	14 4	221 3	38 7	4 3	8 0	59	11 0	3 34
1924	34 8	37 3	3	34 7	33 8	38 1	88 3	70	33 3	1 4	8 0	49	4 4	3 33
1925	25 8	32 3	1 4	34 3	34 7	320 3	1 3 3	340 3	3 0	0 3	7 7	49	14 1	3 78
1926	70 8	31 8	3 8	37 3	47 3	73 8	14 4	370 8	34 4	0 4	4 0	34	12 3	4 34
1927	23 8	24 3	8	44 8	47 3	276	30 4	194 8	7 0	4 7	9 4	30	12 8	4 34
1928	34 7	30 8	3 7	47 3	40 8	38 1	14 0	234 8	7 0	7 3	2 3	35	4 3	4 47
1929	31 8	33 3	2 1	44 3	48 4	337 3	23	260 1	13 8	1 3	11 3	31	19 0	4 37
1930	1 8	33 7	10 4	38 8	43 4	223 1	30 3	210 1	6 7	8	10 3	31	29 8	3 40
1931	30 0	34 8	4 0	44 1	38 4	244	63 8	244 3	4 3	8 8	14	34	14 0	4 38
1932	73 8	37 8	4 7	43 8		33 4	148 8	378	8 4	15 3		78	23 8	4 13
Average														
1924-30	31 4	26 3	3	40 8	44 8	270 8	134 8	271 0	18 1	4	10 1	34	7 1	4 38
1930-32	7 0	33 7	4 3	43 7	49 8	338 0	31 3	34 4	16 9	1 0	8 3	3	11 1	3 31

1922

Year	U.S.S.R.	U.S.S.R.	U.S.S.R.	U.S.S.R.	U.S.S.R.	U.S.S.R.	U.S.S.R.	U.S.S.R.	U.S.S.R.	U.S.S.R.	U.S.S.R.	U.S.S.R.	U.S.S.R.	U.S.S.R.
1922	31 8	10 0	7 0	33 8	48 8	7	88	76	3 4	2 0	30		4 3	8 38
1923	33 8	13 7	8 0	34 3	34 8	48	44	74	3 0	4 9	33 8		4 0	4 19
1924	33 8	0 4	8 8	33 3	47 8	78	34	64	3 3	1 7	24 7	0 4	7	3 44
1925	342 4	17 3	10 7	34 3	41 4	68	2 14	76	4 3	11 3	30 0	8 3	9 3	4 37
1926	46 8	8 0	0 1	30 8	42 3	82	1 84	88	4 7	12 8	38 7	0 8	9 0	3 33
1927	41 8	1	3 0	47 7	8 1	1 08	3 44	1 08	3 3	13 0	38 3	9	1 7	8 34
1928	72 8	7 4	2 8	47 8	50 7	1 00	2 60	44	3 3	13	39 1	1 1	7 3	8 35
1929	54 3	10 4	1 8	43 8	45 9	78	3 34	36	4 3	1	34 4	1 3	10 4	7 34
1930	40 7	3 8	13 0	40 8	43 3	1 1	1 00	44	11 3	9 7	34 4	1 8	9 8	7 38
1931	314 8	13 0	8 4	4 3	37 3	14	3 44	1 74	8 3	17 3	39	14 3	4 1	8 44
1932	30 7	8 1	3 8	44 8	48 8	1 00	1 00	31	8 3	18 4	40 8	8 0		
Average														
1924-30	343 0	10 4	11 8	43 7	44 3	60	3 44	1 8	7 4	11 8	38 1	17 3	8 7	8 35
1930-32	320 3	11 34	12 8	47 8	47 7	4	1 44	36	8 3	18 34	37 0	11 8	8 3	8 35

1922

1922

Provision for Production

Production by law was directed by a governmental body of the producers within an administrative body in effect in Great Britain since 1917 under the provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1924.

The purpose of the Act was to enable wheat to be made for regulating the marketing of agricultural products, to confer powers upon boards of wheat to be constituted in order to do with, or acting for purposes connected with, such activities as to establish agricultural marketing and for the purpose of making loans thereon to the boards concerned, to encourage agricultural

operations, research and otherwise, and to provide for its provisions connected with the marketing of wheat.

WHEAT PRODUCTION LOWERED PRICES

Mr. Malcolm Robertson, chairman of Spillers, Ltd., one of the largest flour milling companies in Great Britain, said a meeting of the shareholders of his company that the British wheat production has actually lowered wheat prices rather than raised them. He said "Great wheat exporting countries like Argentina must sell their wheat and they cannot possibly afford to lose their

market. The result is that they allow for the one shilling per quarter duty to their prices. This naturally brings down the price to the rest of the world by one shilling. This is all well and good but it would mean the loss of wheat, including the Dominion wheat."

Of course the kernel of Mr. Robertson's criticism of his producers did not lie in the low price of wheat, as the above comments suggest, but rather in the admission of Canadian wheat into Great Britain as a possible basis together with what he claims is unfair competition in foreign markets due to the 1914 low challenge a quarter charged on non-British wheat imports.

A very special place in the world of education.

BERKMAN, Ed.

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Richard,
Construction
is the key
to the future,
the world.

1. **Introduction**
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Age Group	Female (%)	Male (%)	Female (%)	Male (%)
18-24	100	100	100	100
25-34	100	100	100	100
35-44	100	100	100	100
45-54	100	100	100	100
55-64	100	100	100	100
65+	100	100	100	100

WILSONS

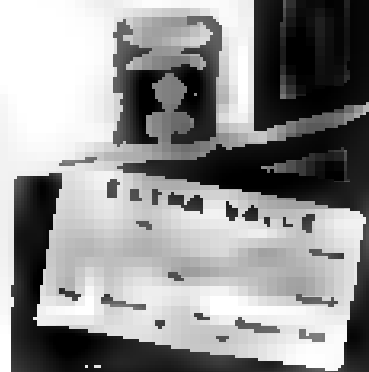
FLY PADS

REALLY NUT

There is a lot of talk about the need for a new approach to the management of the world's fisheries. The idea is to move from a focus on the quantity of fish caught to a focus on the quality of the fish and the health of the fishery. This is a good idea, but it is not enough. We also need to pay attention to the people who are involved in the fishery. We need to make sure that they are treated fairly and that they have a say in the decisions that affect their lives. This is the only way to ensure the long-term sustainability of the world's fisheries.

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**Kill
Oleanders
with
ROYAL
CROWN
LYE**



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**THE EMPRESS and
CARLTON HOTELS**

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1988-1989: 1st and 2nd years
 1990-1991: 3rd and 4th years
 1992-1993: 5th and 6th years

+ _____

"Great Co-operators"
Celebrate Anniversary



The U.F.A.
Pamphlet Department

U.F.A. Pamphlet Department

1937-38



Sensible Recipes

1937-38

The Farm Young People's Conference

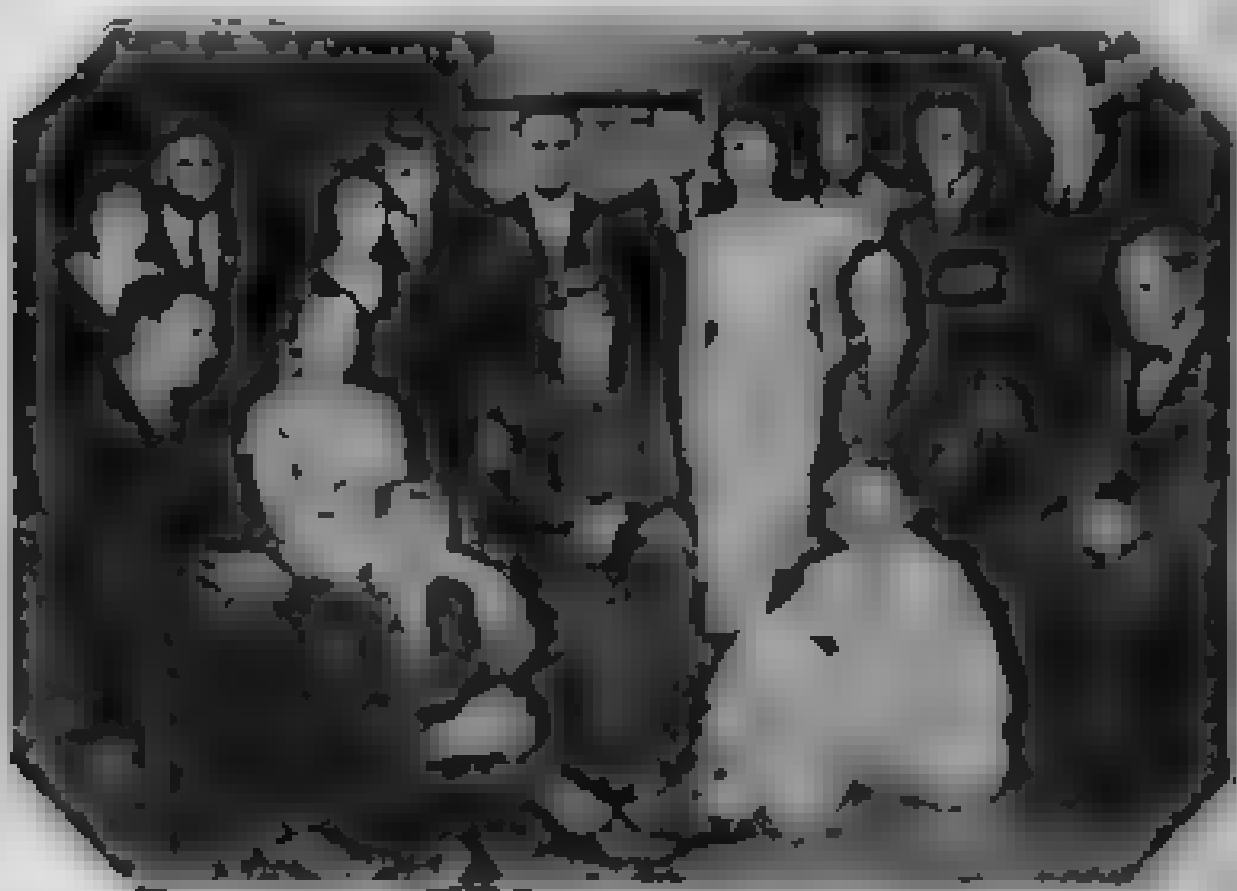
Variable	Definition	Unit	Source
Yield	Yield of the crop	kg/ha	FAO
Area	Area of the crop	ha	FAO
Population	Population of the country	millions	FAO
Per capita income	Per capita income of the country	US\$	FAO
Urban population	Urban population of the country	millions	FAO
Rural population	Rural population of the country	millions	FAO
Government expenditure on health	Government expenditure on health of the country	US\$ million	FAO
Government expenditure on education	Government expenditure on education of the country	US\$ million	FAO
Government expenditure on social services	Government expenditure on social services of the country	US\$ million	FAO
Government expenditure on infrastructure	Government expenditure on infrastructure of the country	US\$ million	FAO
Government expenditure on environment	Government expenditure on environment of the country	US\$ million	FAO
Government expenditure on culture	Government expenditure on culture of the country	US\$ million	FAO
Government expenditure on science and technology	Government expenditure on science and technology of the country	US\$ million	FAO
Government expenditure on defense	Government expenditure on defense of the country	US\$ million	FAO
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Picture Level 1000 and Features of Page 10



BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE NEW YORK PUBLIC LIBRARY

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CANADA PACKERS LIMITED

Report to Shareholders

Canada Packers Limited ended its sixth fiscal year March 30th, 1933

Profit for the year, after Board Interest, Depreciation and Income Tax was	\$ 487,673 46
Preference Dividends paid	422,234.00
	65,439.46
Available for Common Shares.	\$ 165,439.46
On 200,000 Shares	92.7 cents per Share

Profits for preceding years were	
1 month ended March, 1928	\$1,028,697.64
12 months ended March, 1929	107,297.50
12 months ended March, 1930	1,352,071.40
12 months ended March, 1931	818,111.76
2 months ended March, 1932	384,202.11

Total Profits six years. \$3,914,522.66

Preference Dividends due Shareholders in respect of six years.	\$2,414,644.25
Preference Dividends actually paid	1,665,644.25

Profits transferred to Surplus	\$4,871,568.46
Deferred Dividends due on Preference Shares, 66,335 Shares at \$10.00 per Share.	663,351.75

Accumulated Profits at six years applicable to Common Shares.	\$3,250,976.66
On 200,000 Shares, equivalent to \$16.25 per Share	
Average per Share per year.	2.88

No Dividend has been paid on Common Shares.

Canada Packers Limited was organized in August, 1927. It was conceived as a solution of the chaotic condition of the Packing Industry following the post-war collapse of 1920-21. It was formed by merging four of the chief Companies operating in Eastern Canada, viz:-

The Maple Leaf Packing Company Limited.
William Davis Company Inc.
Cowan Limited.
Canadian Packing Company, Limited

The objective in merging the Companies was to reduce expenses by co-ordinating Plant and Sales operations and at the same time to maintain, as fully as possible, the volume of the Companies.

In respect of Expense reduction, the following table indicates the extent to which the objective has been attained:-

	August 1927	March 1933
Number of operating Plants.	9	5
Number of persons in Head Office Staff.	247	374
Number of Employees in Plants.	5,441	2,483
Number of Car Route Salesmen	717	194

Total reduction of Operating Expenses has been approximately \$7,000,000 per year, equivalent to about 40 per cent.

However, it must be remembered there has been a substantial reduction in volume. It is difficult to estimate this reduction exactly as prior to the merger volume naturally included sales between the Companies. Such transfers are now 'internal' and are not included as 'volume'. Actual decrease in volume is approximately 20 per cent.

The most delicate task connected with the merger, that of co-ordinating sales operations, has been completed during the present year. Four independent sales forces with four sets of brands, have now been co-ordinated into a single selling organization, CANADA PACKERS LIMITED, and a single set of brands. The leading brand of the Company is MAPLE LEAF BRAND.

* * *

Profits since 1927 have steadily been given, but the following tabulation will be of interest both to Shareholders and to the public generally.

Expressed in cents per pound and as a percentage of Sales. Profits have been as follows.

Year ended	Profit	In lb. of product sold	Percentage of sales
March 1928	\$ 314,697	76	47.1%
1929	1,503,297	82	4.4%
1930	1,352,071	86	51.2%
1931	818,111	76	42.7%
1932	384,202	76	34.1%
1933	487,673	116	17.1%

Average Profits for 6 years equivalent to	7.8c	per lb. of product sold
or to	24%	of sales.

The average Shareholders' Investment over the 6-year period was \$16,66,000

Average Profit per year 900,000

Average Dividends per year 146,000

Therefore, average Profit has been equivalent to approximately

5% Shareholders' Investment.

Average Dividend (all to Preference Shareholders) equivalent to approximately

2%

on Shareholders' Investments.

The reason for the cautious Dividend policy was that Canada Packers when formed had insufficient Working Capital and the Directors felt that every other consideration should be postponed to that of building up the liquid position of the Company.

At the beginning of this year, in view of the volume of the Company's operations, and the steadily increasing demands of the business, that a net liquid position should be set up of \$10,000,000 and that no Dividends should be paid on Common Shares until that objective had been reached.

The objective has not been reached. Net Liquid as at March 30th, 1933 was \$9,193,101.96.

But two important factors have intervened.

(1) There has been a decrease in volume as compared to the combined volume of the merged Companies (already referred to) - sales.

(2) There has been a quite extensive decline in prices.

The Directors, therefore, feel justified in announcing that the Deferred Preference Dividends amounting to \$10.00 per share, will now be paid as and when made, even and above the regular Preference Dividends.

During the next year or two prices declined almost uniformly, involving heavy inventory losses. Within the last 3 months

Canada would be determined by the price obtainable in Great Britain for the surplus.

But, the market is not a perfectly free one for Canada's shipments as recent years have shown on slight but a heavy export surcharge, but hoped for greatly increased shipments.

However, the chief difficulty seems to have been the quality of the Canadian Hugs.

The best Hugs grown in Canada are as good as the best grown in Denmark, or as others who put the percentage of best Hugs grown in Canada is not more than 10 per cent. And of these a considerable proportion cannot be exported because of disease.

Moreover many of the best Hugs must be kept for the domestic trade.

The number of Hugs being marketed alive is fairly at the present time at 40,000 to 50,000 weekly. By this time 1931 weekly are being marketed it is evident the size of the produce must fall short of the highest standard of quality.

And again there is a rapid improvement in the quality of shipments to the fact that will be more and more the case.

These facts put down the average price received for Canadian Bacon in the United Kingdom.

In the last year (1931) the differential between Canada and Canadian Bacon in England has averaged 4 per cent, which is to put it on the low side in Canada.

On a 200 lb. Hug in 40 per cent

There are marketed in Canada approx-
imately 4,000,000 Hugs yearly.

Approximate of Canadian Bacon was as good as the quality of the best brought in from England. The average of 40,000 to 50,000 weekly are sold.

+ + +

If a 4 per cent Canadian Farmer does not fully justify

- a. It is a large sum in at least
- b. That if by Hugs were marketed the increased price would go almost entirely to the farmer.

The farmer is being unfairly treated by the Farmer to improve the quality of his Hugs. It is not surprising that he naturally concludes the Farmer proves the right to his own market.

But it is naturally proving the case the Farmer is doing his best to get the best of his Hugs. For the services of government and interference he hopes to receive his own percentage of profit, whether the Hugs are of good or poor quality.

As from the point of Farmer's Profit is discussed in a manner which seems to give a plain of major importance in the Hugs industry.

What are the facts about Farmer's Profit?

The following set at least some of the facts.

In the last fifteen years the Canadian Packing industry, taken as a whole, has made losses, not profits.

In the last years a Packing House may make a thin Profit on its sales of approx-
imately 2.5 per cent.

Notes

The Results of Canada Packers for six years have been shown.

In the last page, Page Trade was

Average Net Profit for the six years was

4%

2.5%

The figures in the Pack's operations which are really important to the Farmer are the

The Farmer's Selling Price

The Pack's Cost of Production

Now will be shown from the following equations which set up the Pack's operations in an simplified form.

Price paid for Live Stock.	Expense	Farmer's Selling Price
Operating Expenses		
Profit		

To simplify the analysis, it is assumed the farmer receives the full price for his Hugs. It is not and neither change materially but these will depend on the offer the government.

The operations of set up in various ways have shown attention towards the point at which farmer and Farmer meet. They

Farmer's Selling Price	Expense	Price paid for Live Stock
Operating Expenses and profit		

It will then be clear the farmer's interest demands

- 1. That the Farmer's Selling Price should be as high as possible
- 2. That the Farmer's Operating Expenses and Profit should be as low as possible

Then in these shows also what a fundamental fact the Government has of the Live Stock industry is the ability of success between the Farmer and the Farmer.

For the Farmer returns to his own interest in the past these things

To increase the selling price

1. To decrease Operating Expenses

Why is it important for Farmer's Profit to show interest appear in conflict and the conflict is apparent and actual.

That can be simply done by setting up Canada Packers operating equations for the year under review. To summarize the figures are

Price	100.0
Operating Expenses including Materials	
Cost	

Expense paid for Live Stock	75
-----------------------------	----

There is the second line item in question, namely, the cost of the Hugs. It is not and neither change materially but these will depend on the offer the government.

The equation will become (1) the basis of set up in (2) the amount of percentages

To simplify the equations let us set up the year 1931

Price	\$ 100,000,000
Operating Expenses including Materials	25,000,000
Cost	75,000,000

Expense	Price paid for Live Stock	75	\$ 75,000,000
---------	---------------------------	----	---------------

Now let it be assumed that the operating profit of the Hugs is 10 per cent of the selling price. It is not and neither change materially but these will depend on the offer the government.

The operating equations would then become

Price	\$ 100,000,000
Operating Expenses including Materials	25,000,000
Cost	75,000,000

Expense	Price paid for Live Stock	75	\$ 75,000,000
	Operating Expenses including Materials	25,000,000	\$ 100,000,000
	Cost	75,000,000	
	Operating Expenses including Materials	25,000,000	
	Cost	75,000,000	

The Pack's share is important to the farmer. Therefore he receives a percentage of the selling price. But it would not grow, as the result of the percentage of the farmer's share, and the Pack's share is not a percentage of the farmer's share. It is a percentage of the farmer's share.

+ + +

During the year 1931 further reductions have been made in the Hugs. These were done by the government and the farmer.

In spite of these reductions it is felt that the work of all departments of the Company has been more efficient during the year 1931. This has been possible only by reason of the good will of the farmer in the Hugs and the Farmer's share. A report of the Hugs is not in such a way as of the Company and the Farmer's share through the Hugs is not in such a way as of the Company and the Farmer's share through the Hugs.

S. McLEAN President

Toronto 15th June 1932

U.F.A. Junior Activities

"The U.F.A." Junior Essay Contest

Topic Extended to August 1956

Junior Essay Contest topic will be to read

if they wish, to
reviewed who is

The Essay

your essay to the Editor of The U.F.A. before August 15th

NEWS OF JUNIOR LOCALS

WRESTLING TEAM

has appeared up

by working hard
in the gymnasium
and in the field
the team has been
able to win many
games and to set
a new record for
the school.

Keywords: *depression, anxiety, mood, mood*

[illegible]

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2000

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
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Mid-century, Nevada: Changes to Nevada's Place Found by Tourists
Mid-century at 100

1. **Introduction**

Calls for "Unremitting War" on Capitalism

Co-operative Economic System Desired by Toronto Church Conference

The plan and programme of the Toronto church conference, which met in the city of Toronto, Ontario, Canada, on July 24 and 25, 1946, was to discuss the economic situation in Canada and the world, and to formulate a plan of action for the church and the people. The conference was held at the Toronto Conference Centre, and was attended by representatives of the various churches in the city, as well as by laymen and women. The conference was presided over by the Rev. J. H. McRae, Minister of the Gospel, and was opened by the Rev. J. H. McRae, Minister of the Gospel, who gave a message of welcome to the conference. The conference was held in the city of Toronto, Ontario, Canada, on July 24 and 25, 1946, and was attended by representatives of the various churches in the city, as well as by laymen and women. The conference was presided over by the Rev. J. H. McRae, Minister of the Gospel, and was opened by the Rev. J. H. McRae, Minister of the Gospel, who gave a message of welcome to the conference.

A Synagogue Paragraph

The synagogue in the city of Toronto, Ontario, Canada, was also represented at the conference. The synagogue was represented by the Rev. J. H. McRae, Minister of the Gospel, who gave a message of welcome to the conference. The conference was held in the city of Toronto, Ontario, Canada, on July 24 and 25, 1946, and was attended by representatives of the various churches in the city, as well as by laymen and women. The conference was presided over by the Rev. J. H. McRae, Minister of the Gospel, and was opened by the Rev. J. H. McRae, Minister of the Gospel, who gave a message of welcome to the conference.

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The United Church conference of America is also being held in the city of Toronto, Ontario, Canada, on July 24 and 25, 1946, and was attended by representatives of the various churches in the city, as well as by laymen and women. The conference was presided over by the Rev. J. H. McRae, Minister of the Gospel, and was opened by the Rev. J. H. McRae, Minister of the Gospel, who gave a message of welcome to the conference.

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and to all nations and to all food grain countries
and to all nations and to all food grain countries

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States and Provinces

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and to all nations and to all food grain countries
and to all nations and to all food grain countries

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PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION


The exhibition is open to all nations and to all food grain countries
and to all nations and to all food grain countries
and to all nations and to all food grain countries

JULY
24 &
AUG 5

The exhibition is open to all nations and to all food grain countries
and to all nations and to all food grain countries
and to all nations and to all food grain countries


THE **WHEAT** **WHEAT**

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WINTER
Stone Legs



have so many more
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Payable in Wheat!




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MULTIPLY
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The St. Regis
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Annual U.F.A. Conference
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... to U.F.A.
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EXPRESS CONFIDENCE

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Was it because anyone has so much against me personally or was it the Government through me, that was object of attack? Was it not intended as a knockout for the whole Farmer Movement? If such dastardly persecution by a gang of political gutter-scapes could succeed, what public man or what institutions are safe?"

In conclusion, Mr. McPherson addressed the audience of friends of long standing. "One does not change one's nature in a short time," he said. "You have known me for twenty-five years, and I can say without fear or hesitation that I am a better man today both mentally and morally than I ever was."

Briefly, but with a deep feeling of pride, Mr. McPherson referred to the unswerving loyalty and support of his sons, the three eldest of whom are "big sons," capable of using judgment and reaching decisions. Despite the natural tendency of children to range on the side of their maternal parent, these three older boys are loyal to him and with him to the last. "They have suffered with me and fought for me. My youngest son, thank God, is too young to know anything about this. I would ask you to ask yourselves 'Why are that man's sons standing behind him as they are?'"

**Central Alberta Dairy Pool
Holds Good Conventions**

About five hundred delegates, members, and visitors attended the annual convention of the Central Alberta Dairy Pool, held in the Legion Hall, Alx., on June 14th, reports F. J. Sedgwick, secretary.

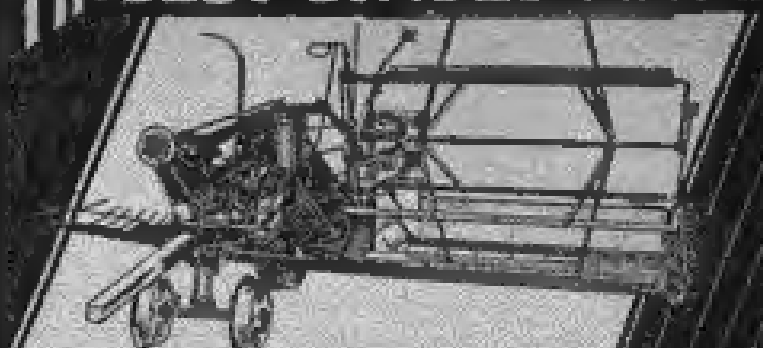
The financial report showed a balance at credit of \$34,886.97; out of this amount \$5,170.27 was set aside as depreciation reserve; \$4,456.63 was applied as a payment on new cold storage equipment and truck. The balance was distributed as follows: Cash Surplus on cream, \$14,493.34, and Participation Equity Certificates to members \$9,664.33; leaving a net balance of \$1,049.85 to carry forward to next year. During the year 1932 the bank loan had been reduced by \$18,000, and now stands at only \$2,000. Gratification was expressed by the delegates over this excellent showing, and a great determination was manifested by those present to carry on the Pool to even greater success.

In the evening, after a "talkie" show, the Pool were hosts at a dance, the staff serving supper to all present. The hall was packed with the largest crowd ever assembled at a dance in Alir; the music was supplied by the Glorian orchestra. The whole gathering, from beginning to end, was voted a tremendous success.

WALTON BRIDGE

In a letter to Central Office, the chairman of the Unemployment Relief Commission for Alberta states that he would be glad to obtain information from U.F.A. locals as to whether sufficient help is available, and as to their experience of help supplied from the ranks of the unemployed. Locals from any districts that require farm workers should state number of workers needed and the wages offered. Communications should be addressed to the Commission at the Administrative Building, Edmonton.

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**Now at a
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The BEST VALUE in YEARS

THIS IS THE YEAR to replace worn-out Borden. Not for many years has the Henry-Morris Borden sold at such a low price, and it may be the lowest for years to come if the much-suggested monetary inflation policies coincide with their consequent rapid rise in all commodity prices.

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At this low price the Mansey-Harris is the best value ever offered in Binders. It has better design, better materials, and better workmanship than ever before.

It has the strongest frame. The strongest table and the heaviest and strongest binder covers. It gives

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The "Money-Horn" is the best leader for harvesting difficult crop conditions.

It saves money every year it is used. It's not righteas, using less violence on every thief—a saving that comes up when extended over the life time of the binder.

Harvest your crop this year with a New Messier-Harris Binder—the opportunity to buy at such Low Prices may be yours coming second year.

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- The Monopoly of Credit, by C. H. Douglas 1.00
- The Douglas Plan—A broadcast by the "Economic" Group, Calgary 30
- The Nation's Credit—(A Profile of the Douglas Plan) 30

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WHOLESALE FISH—FAMOUS GOLD LAKES Trout, Whitefish, Pickerel, Jackfish. Write for prices. E. A. Lefebvre, Gold Lake, Alta.

(Continued on next page)

Many Organization Meetings Held in June

WINSTON, M.L.A.'s and M.P.'s Participate—Vice-President Addresses Many Farm Gatherings

During the month of June officers of the U.F.A. and U.F.A. members of the Provincial Legislature and Dominion Parliament have held many series of meetings in farm communities throughout the Province, where much organizational work has been carried on. The large increase in membership in June as compared with June of last year, is no doubt in some measure a reflection of the work which has thus been carried on.

Norman F. Priestley, Vice-president, spoke at many points. He reports keen interest in the movement—an attitude in the face of the present conditions of depression not of despondency but of determination by organized effort to bring about the large social changes which the breakdown of the present economic system makes imperative. Frequently where two meetings were held in a day, addresses and the long question period which often extended beyond midnight, made a total of five hours or so on the platform. The evening meetings were especially well attended; though owing to rain and bad roads, and to the failure of local committees to advertise, the attendance at some of the afternoon meetings was less satisfactory. The Vice-president found among the members of the senior organization an increasing recognition of the vital importance of the Junior work.

Wheat Pool Series

Mr. Priestley's tour included a fine series of Wheat Pool sub-district meetings at Pollockville, Badlock and Alton with the Pool directors Messrs. Plummer and Jensen. Faith in co-operation and intense interest in the C.C.F. movement were very clearly manifest.

Among the meetings addressed during the month were the following, described in summary: Robb's school, Ponoka, filled to doors; Junior Conference, Edmonton, largest attendance for many years; Sunnyside school, Naman, Glen Storie presiding, good meeting in spite of shower; at Chipman, where it is hoped to revive the Local, Messrs. Luchkovitch and Makew participated; Josephsburg school, very large attendance, Rudolph Hennig, M.L.A. among speakers; Sunday service at German Lutheran church, Josephsburg, the minister presiding; at Partridge Hills, by request from the audience, Mr. Priestley read the poem "A Farmer's Fever of Hope and Fear" which originally appeared in *The U.F.A.*

At Redway, with Donald MacLachlan, Mr. Priestley addressed the Economic Reconstruction Club. The U.F.A. at this point is fighting difficulties arising in part from events which took place on the occasion of the hunger march a year or so ago. Mr. Priestley found that several Economic Reconstruction clubs, supporting C.C.F. policy, have been formed. He stressed the necessity to strengthen the U.F.A. movement.

Interviews with Provincial Minister in Edmonton on June 13th and co-operative business in the city and attendance at the closing functions of the Farm Young People's Conference, were followed

by a further series of meetings in company with Mr. Farquharson (M.L.A. for Hinton), at Cadogan and Provost, Kender Hall, Cam, Strong School and Rosyth Hall, Hardisty. Several very fine meetings were held.

Among meetings during the remainder of the month were the following: Kingman (picnic), with Chester Ransing, M.L.A., (excellent meeting, orchestra, male chorus, being features of program); Avonroy (U.F.A. Sunday) auspices Camrose Local; Fortisosh Hall; Little Bow Constituency Convention, a splendid convention, the first in three years; Red Deer U.F.A. Rally.

Cost of Examinations

Editorial in "Calgary Herald" Misleading

Under the heading "Exam Costs Very High in Alberta," the *Calgary Herald* in a recent editorial makes comparison of the actual total costs in this and other Western Provinces, showing higher costs in Alberta. It fails, however, to give the reasons, which are very simple, for this disparity.

It is unfortunate that the *Herald* should mislead its readers by the suppression of relevant facts which put a very different complexion on the situation from that which the *Herald* endeavors to give. In the first place it may be pointed out (and even the *Herald's* figures show this, though the necessary inferences are not drawn) that examination fees in Alberta are lower than in Manitoba and Saskatchewan, fees for Grade Eleven and Twelve being \$5 and \$6 respectively in this Province, while in Saskatchewan they are \$6 and \$9 and in Manitoba \$7 and \$12.

Statement

The wide disparity between total examination costs quoted for Alberta and those of other Western Provinces is accounted for in two ways. First, the Alberta figure included the salaries of permanent officials properly chargeable to examination costs, while these were evidently not included in the estimates of examination costs of other provinces. In the second place, Departmental Examinations are not required of pupils in Grade 10 in the other Provinces, while in Alberta 7,061 candidates wrote Grade 10 examinations last year. Failure to reveal this information is the main fault in the *Herald's* criticism. Moreover, the supplemental examinations in Manitoba are very limited, in Saskatchewan there are none, while in Alberta 3,508 candidates wrote supplemental examinations in September. In Saskatchewan, in 1931, which is the latest year for which figures are available, 10,936 high school candidates wrote 72,110 answer papers. In Alberta, in 1932, 21,202 candidates, including those who wrote on the September examinations, wrote 59,320 answer papers.

Two facts, the Department states, emerge from the recent discussion on examination costs. Firstly, the fees for examinations, as at present conducted in Alberta, are about as low as they can be, unless the cost is to be transferred to the taxpayer. Secondly, although the number of examinations has been reduced, in the face of considerable criticism, Alberta pupils are still required to write more departmental examinations than pupils in any other Western Province.

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FOR SALE—VICTOR SAFETY CINEMA, LEAS-
Nathaniel, University type, made available
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FRESH FRUITS

WELL SHIP BLUEBERRIES IN AUGUST AND
September; look orders early to insure
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SWEST CHERRIES—IN POOR MARKET
crates. Royal Anna, \$1.00; Bing, Lan-
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DEPENDABLE SPECIAL—RASPBERRIES—
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Order Now. Price list Cherries, Plums,
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NOTE: IN THE JUNE ISSUE, BUTTON'S
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